FORMIC ACID 85%

Date of releasing: 10.01.2025

Date of reviewing: -Version EN: 1.0



Material Safety Data Sheet in accordance with WE 1907/2006 of 18.12.2006 - REACH and 2020/878 of 18.06.2020.

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier FORMIC ACID 85%

REACH registration number: 01-2119491174-37-XXXX

CAS number: 64-18-6 Index number: 607-001-00-0 EC number: 200-579-1

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against.

Identified applications: in chemical industry for production of formic acid solutions and other chemical

compounds, in tanning industry for dressing/tanning animal skins, in textile industry for dyeing fabrics, as pH regulating agents, for preparing metal surfaces, for rinsing and

regenerating installations, as a reagent in laboratory.

Advised against applications: none

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Distributor: TOMCHEM Sp. z o.o.

95-050 Konstantynów Łódzki

ul. Niesięcin 5A tel. 42 683-11-83 tel/fax.; 42-636-43-18

1.4 Emergency telephone number 112 (general emergency phone)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:

Classification and labelling have been determined in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (as amended). Product has been classified as hazardous in accordance with Regulation (EC) 1272/2008.

Skin Corr. 1B; H314

2.2 Label elements:

Pictogram:



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary statements:

P260 Do not breathe dust/vapours.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P303+P36 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

1+P353

P305+P35 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

1+P338 Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

2.3 Other hazards:

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May react violently with various materials (acids, base metals) with the release of hazardous substances (hydrogen). Annex XIII of REACH Regulation – Criteria for identifying persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substances (PBT) and very persistent and very bioaccumulative substances (vPvB) – not applicable.

Substances with endocrine disrupting properties (in accordance with the criteria of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100, Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605) – not applicable.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Product identificator	Amount [%]	Hazard class and category codes	Hazard statement codes and supplementary statements	Specific concentration limit, M-factor, Acute toxicity estimate ATE
Formic acid* CAS: 64-18-6 EC: 200-579-1 Index No.: 607-001-00-0 REACH No.: 01-2119491174-37-XXXX	85-86	Skin Corr. 1A	H314	Skin Corr. 1A; H314: C ≥ 90 % Skin Corr. 1B; H314: 10 % ≤ C < 90 % Skin Irrit. 2; H315: 2 % ≤C < 10 % Eye Irrit. 2; H319: 2 %≤ <10 %

Full text of H phrases in section 16. *substance with a specific OEL value.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of skin contact:

Remove all contaminated clothing, wash skin with plenty of water. Apply a sterile dressing to burnt area. Do not use soap and any other neutralizing agents. Contact a physician.

In case of eye contact:

Rinse eyes for several minutes (approx. 15) with plenty of water, keep eyelids wide open. Avoid strong water jet due to the risk of corneal damage, contact a doctor immediately.

In case of inhalation:

In case of dizziness or nausea take affected person to fresh air; if there is no rapid improvement seek medical advice. If shortness of breath occurs give oxygen.

In case of swallowing:

Give plenty of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting (risk of perforation), contact a doctor immediately. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

Skin contact: chemical burns, wounds that are difficult to heal.

Eye contact: chemical burns - risk of permanent eye damage.

Respiratory system: chemical irritation of mucous membranes of nose, throat and further parts of the respiratory system. Gastrointestinal tract: chemical burns of mouth, throat, liquefactive necrosis of digestive tract with a risk of perforation.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Decision on course of action is made by the doctor after assessing affected person's condition.

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SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1 Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media: dry chemical, carbon dioxide (carbon dioxide extinguisher), sand, soil. Use extinguishing

methods appropriate to ambient conditions.

Inappropriate extinguishing media: strong water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

During a fire under high temperatures are released toxic decomposition products containing, among others, carbon oxides.

5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Containers should be cooling in fire area with a water spray, if possible remove them from the danger area. In case of a fire in a closed room, wear protective clothing and a compressed air breathing apparatus. Prevent extinguishing water from entering surface water, ground water and sewage system.

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

For non-emergency personnel: inform appropriate services about accident. Remove from danger area persons not involved in eliminating accident.

For emergency personnel: ensure adequate ventilation, use personal protective equipment. Do not inhale toxic vapours.

6.2 Environmental precautions.

Prevent spreading and entry into sewers and water, inform local authorities if protection cannot be ensured.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Prevent spreading and remove by collecting on absorbent material (10% calcium hydroxide suspension, silica), place contaminated material in appropriately labelled containers for disposal in accordance with applicable regulations.

6.4 Reference to other sections.

Waste treatment - see section 13.

Personal protective equipment – see section 8.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

Use adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid contact with skin. Avoid spilling. Avoid formation of aerosols. Avoid sources of ignition, high temperatures, hot surfaces and open flames. Avoid inhaling highly concentrated acid vapours. Work in accordance with safety and hygiene rules: do not eat or drink, do not smoke in workplace area, wash hands after use, remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated room (general room ventilation and exhaust ventilation), in a properly labelled, closed original container. Floor of warehouses adapted for storage of corrosive liquids should be easily washable and acid-resistant with internal water installation and separate sewage system. Avoid direct sunlight and sources of heat, hot surfaces and open flames. Store away from strong oxidizers, strong bases and flammable substances.

7.3 Specific end use(s).

Uses according to section 1.2. - no additional recommendations. See attached exposure scenario.

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1 Control parameters:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Maximum allowable concentration values:

Regulation of the Minister of the Family, Labour and Social Policy of 24 June 2024 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the working environment (Journal of Laws item 1017, as amended).

Chemical name and CAS number	NDS [mg/m³]	NDSCh [mg/m³]	NDSP [mg/m³]	Notes: labeling of substances with the notation "skin"
Formic acid [CAS: 64-18-6]	5	15	-	-

DNEL and PNEC values.

No data available.

8.2 Exposure controls:

See Safety Data Sheet Annex: exposure scenarios for identified uses. Appropriate engineering controls: general room ventilation and exhaust ventilation are necessary.



Respiratory protection.

Avoid inhaling product vapours. When OEL of ingredients is exceeded in work environment use individual respiratory protection equipment – mask or half-mask complete with a filter type B or universal (class 2) vapour absorber in accordance with EN 141.



Hand protection.

Use chemical-resistant protective gloves made of natural rubber, PVC or equivalent in accordance with EN-PN 374:2005. Selection of appropriate gloves depends not only on the material but also on brand and quality resulting from differences in manufacturers. Resistance of material from which gloves are made can be determined after testing. Exact time of destruction of gloves must be determined by the manufacturer.



Eye protection.

Wear safety glasses or face mask (compliant with EN 166).



Body protection.

Use protective work clothing (in accordance with EN 344) - wash regularly.

Thermal hazards: not applicable.

Environmental exposure controls: do not allow to spread in the environment and to enter drains and watercourses.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Physical state liquid
Colour colourless
Odour strong

Melting point/freezing point -16,5°C at 1013 hPa

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Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range 106°C at 1013 hPa

Flammability flammable (for formic acid >90%)

Lower and upper explosion limit Lower: 18%; Upper: 57%

Flash point 71°C

Auto-ignition temperature 485°C for formic acid 98%

Decomposition temperature not applicable

pH <1

Kinematic viscosity no data available

Solubility water, ethyl alcohol, ethyl ether, glycerin, formamide

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) Log Po/w: -1.55/-0,22

Vapour pressure 43 hPa at 20°C, 72 hPa at 30°C

Density and/or relative density 2,07 g/cm³ at 25°C Relative vapour density no data available Particle characteristics not applicable

9.2 Other information:

Explosives not applicable Flammable gases not applicable Aerosols not applicable not applicable Oxidising gases Gases under pressure not applicable Flammable liquids not applicable Flammable solids not applicable Self-reactive substances and mixtures not applicable Pyrophoric liquids not applicable Self-heating substances and mixtures not applicable Substances and mixtures, which emit flammable not applicable

gases in contact with water

Oxidising liquids not applicable
Oxidizing solids not applicable
Organic peroxides not applicable
Corrosive to metals not applicable
Desensitised explosives not applicable

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1 Reactivity:

Product is stable under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Product is stable under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

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10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Exothermic reaction with alkalis, amines and compounds containing amino group.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Avoid higher temperatures, direct sunlight, hot surfaces and open flames.

10.5 Incompatible materials:

11 1

Bases, strong oxidizing agents, metal powders, sulfuric acid, hydrogen peroxide.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

No decomposition under recommended conditions of use and storage. Thermal decomposition products - see section 5.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

a)	acute toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are no

ot met.

LD50 (rat, oral): 1100 mg/kg (pure substance) LC50 (rat, inhalation): 15000 mg/m³ (15 min.)

skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns. b)

Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

serious eye damage/irritation Causes eye damage. c)

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

germ cell mutagenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met e)

carcinogenicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. f)

reproductive toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

STOT-single exposure Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. h)

STOT-repeated exposure i) Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

j) aspiration hazard. Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

11.2 Information on other hazards.

Information on probable routes of exposure:

Skin contact: chemical burns, wounds that are difficult to heal.

Eye contact: chemical burns - risk of permanent eye damage.

Respiratory system: chemical irritation of mucous membranes of nose, throat and further respiratory tract.

Gastrointestinal tract: chemical burns of mouth, throat, liquefying necrosis of digestive tract with a risk of perforation. Toxic if swallowed.

Delayed, immediate and chronic effects of short- and long-term exposure: no data available.

Effects of interaction: no data available.

Endocrine disrupting properties: formic acid remains under evaluation.

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SECTION 12. Ecological information.

12.1 Toxicity:

Substance is not classified as hazardous to the environment, however decrease in pH has a very negative effect on aquatic organisms. It should not be allowed to enter groundwater, sewage systems and watercourses. Acute toxicity (LC50) for:

- fish (golden crucian carp) 75 mg/l (24h)
- toxic concentration limit for: crustaceans (Daphnia magna) 120 mg/l
- algae (Scenedesmus quadricauda) 100 mg/l
- plankton (Gammarus pulex) 250 mg/l

12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Formic acid is biodegradable.

- average tolerance limit (TLm) for: fish (Lepomis macrochirus) 175 mg/l (24h)
- crustaceans (Daphnia magna) 120 mh/l (24h)
- algae (Scenedesmus quadricauda) 100 mg/l (96h).
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil:

No data available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Does not meet PBT and vPvB criteria.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties:

Endocrine disruptors - formic acid remains under evaluation.

12.7 Other adverse effects:

Average tolerance (Tlm) – for fish – 175 mg/l/24h, for crustaceans – 120 mg/l/24h, for algae – 100 mg/l/96h.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Formic acid should be disposed in accordance with local and national regulations. Certified companies should handle waste and disposable packaging. Store residuals in original containers. Dispose in accordance with applicable regulations. Empty, cleaned packaging should be disposed (including recycling) in accordance with applicable regulations.

Law dated 8 January 2013 on waste. (Journal of Laws 2013 item 21 as amended).

Law dated 13 June 2013 on the management of packaging and packaging waste. (Journal of Laws 2013 item 888 as amended). Regulation of the Minister of Climate of January 02, 2020 on the waste catalog (Journal of Laws 2020 item 10 as amended).

SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.1 UN number or ID number.

UN 1779

14.2 UN proper shipping name.

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14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

8

14.4 Packing group.

Ш

14.5 Environmental hazards.

No

14.6 Special precautions for user.

Always transport in closed containers that are upright, labelled and secured.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments.

No data available.

SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH),

Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH).

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH)

Law dated 24 October 2011 on the transport of hazardous materials (Journal of Laws 227 item 1367 of 2011, as amended), Government Statement of 13 March 2023 on the entry into force of the amendments to Annexes A and B to the Agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road (ADR), done at Geneva on 30 September 1957.

Law dated 8 January 2013 on waste. (Journal of Laws 2013 item 21 as amended)

Law dated 13 June 2013 on the management of packaging and packaging waste. (Journal of Laws 2013 item 888 as amended), Announcement of the Minister of Health of 2 March 2015 on the announcement of the consolidated text of the Regulation of the Minister of Health on the labelling of packaging of hazardous substances and hazardous mixtures and certain mixtures (Journal of Laws 2015, item 450)

Law dated 25 February 2011 on chemical substances and their mixtures (Journal of Laws 2011 No. 63 item 322, as amended), Law dated 26 June 1974 Labour Code (consolidated text: Dz.U. 21 item 94 of 1998 as amended),

Regulation of the Minister of Family, Labour and Social Policy of 24 June 2024 on the maximum permissible concentrations and intensities of factors harmful to health in the work environment (Item 1017 with later amendments).

Regulation of the Minister of Climate of 2 January 2020 on the waste catalogue (Journal of Laws 2020, item 10).

15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

A chemical safety assessment was carried out for the substance.

Annex XIV of the REACH Regulation - List of substances subject to authorisation: not applicable

SVHC substances - Candidate list of substances of very high concern awaiting authorisation: not applicable

Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation – Restrictions on the production, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles: not applicable

SECTION 16. Other information.

H phrases:

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Description of abbreviations, acronyms and symbols used:

Skin. Corr. 1A - Skin corrosive cat. 1A

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Skin Corr. 1B - Skin corrosive cat. 1B

NDS - Maximum allowable concentration

NDSP - Maximum allowable ceiling concentration

NDSCh - Maximum allowable momentary concentration.

DNEL - Level of exposure to a substance above which humans should not be exposed.

PNEC - concentration of chemical which marks the limit at which below no adverse effects of exposure in ecosystem are measured.

LC50 - (lethal concentration) - median lethal concentration, a statistically determined concentration of a substance, after exposure to which 50 percent of the organisms (exposed to the substance) can be expected to die during the exposure or during a specified contractual post-exposure period.

LD50 - (lethal dose) - medial lethal dose, the statistically determined size of a single dose of a substance, after administration of which 50% of exposed test organisms can be expected to die.

EC50 - (effective concentration) - medial effective concentration, statistically calculated concentration that induces in the environmental medium the specified effect in 50% of the experimental organisms under specified conditions

NOEC (no observed effects concentration) - the highest concentration for which there is no statistically or biologically significant increase in the frequency or severity of the effects of the substance in the test organisms relative to the control sample.

vPvB - Very persistent and very bioaccumulative substance

PBT - persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic substances

ADR – European agreement on the road transport of hazardous goods.

RID - Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

IATA - Regulation on the transport of dangerous goods issued by the International Air Transport Association

Trainings:

Before starting work with the product it is mandatory to subject employees to EHS training in connection with the presence of chemical factors in work environment. Conduct, document and familiarize employees with the results of the occupational risk assessment at the work station related to the presence of chemical factors.

SOURCE MATERIALS:

Annex to Regulation (EU) 2020/878 of 18 June 2020. Regulations mentioned in section 15 of the MSDS.

Changes to the previous version:

Section	Description

The information contained in the safety data sheet applies only to the product listed in title. Data contained in safety data sheet should be treated only as an help for safe use of the product. Since conditions of storage, transport and use are beyond our control they cannot constitute a guarantee in the legal sense. In each case the statutory provisions and any rights of third parties must be observed. Safety data sheet does not constitute an assessment of hazards in the workplace. The product should not be used for purposes other than those specified in section 1 without prior consultation with TOMCHEM Sp. z o.o.

End of document.